

## **DOCUMENTO DE DATOS FUNDAMENTALES**

### BSTVER TORDESILLAS SICAV - MEGATRENDS CL Z

### **FINALIDAD**

Este documento le proporciona información fundamental que debe conocer sobre este producto de inversión. No se trata de material comercial. Es una información exigida por ley para ayudarle a comprender la naturaleza, los riesgos, los costes y los beneficios y pérdidas potenciales de este producto y para ayudarle a compararlo con otros productos.

### **PRODUCTO**

Denominación del producto: BSTVER TORDESILLAS SICAV - MEGATRENDS CL Z

ISIN: LU1867103639

Nombre del productor del PRIIP: BESTINVER GESTION SGIIC, S.A.

Sitio web del productor del PRIIP: www.bestinver.es

Para más información llame al número de teléfono +34 900 878280.

Este PRIIP está autorizado en Luxemburgo y regulado por la Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF).

Waystone Management Company (Lux) S.A., es la sociedad gestora de la sicav (UCITS Management company) y está regulada y supervisada en Luxemburgo por la Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier como una sociedad gestora adherida al Chapter 15 of the Law de 17 de diciembre de 2010 relativa a Instituciones de Inversión Colectiva en Valores Mobiliarios (Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities – UCITS)

Fecha de elaboración del documento de datos fundamentales: 31/12/2024

Está a punto de adquirir un producto que no es sencillo y que puede ser difícil de comprender.

### ¿QUÉ ES ESTE PRODUCTO?

TIPO

UCITS Sicav.

PI AZO

Este producto no tiene una fecha de vencimiento determinada

### **OBJETIVOS**

El objetivo del Fondo es conseguir una revalorización del capital a largo plazo invirtiendo en renta variable y valores relacionados con la renta variable. El Fondo está gestionado activamente y la Gestora de Inversiones, Bestinver Gestión, S.A. S.G.I.I.C., elegirá cómo se invierte el Fondo y el índice de referencia, MSCI World Net Total Return EUR Index (MSDEWIN), es sólo a efectos de comparación de rentabilidad. El fondo no intenta replicar este índice de referencia y selecciona libremente los valores en los que invierte. La desviación con respecto a este índice de referencia puede ser importante. La flexibilidad del Fondo permite a la Gestora de Inversiones pasar de una megatendencia/sector concreto a otro sin restricciones. El Subfondo tiene en cuenta el Riesgo de Sostenibilidad y las características ASG como parte de su proceso de selección. A este respecto, el Subfondo fomenta las características medioambientales y/o sociales en el sentido del artículo 8 del SFDR.

### INVERSOR MINORISTA AL QUE VA DIRIGIDO

Dirigido a inversor minorista con capacidad para asumir pérdidas en relación al nivel de riesgo del fondo y teniendo en cuenta el horizonte temporal inversor indicado para el fondo.



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## ¿QUÉ RIESGOS CORRO Y QUÉ PODRÍA OBTENER A CAMBIO?

INDICADOR DE RIESGO





Este indicador de riesgo presupone que usted mantendrá el producto durante 5 años.

El indicador resumido de riesgo es una guía del nivel de riesgo de este producto en comparación con otros productos. Muestra las probabilidades de que el producto pierda dinero debido a la evolución de los mercados o porque no podamos pagarle. Hemos clasificado este producto en la clase de riesgo 4 en una escala de 7, en la que 4 significa un riesgo medio. Esta evaluación califica la posibilidad de sufrir pérdidas en rentabilidades futuras como media y la probabilidad de que una mala coyuntura de mercado influya en nuestra capacidad de pagarle como posible. Este producto no incluye protección alguna contra la evolución futura del mercado, por lo que podría perder una parte o la totalidad de su inversión. Si no podemos pagarle lo que se le debe, podría perder toda su inversión. No obstante, puede beneficiarse de un régimen de protección del consumidor. El indicador anterior no tiene en cuenta esta protección.

### ESCENARIOS DE RENTABILIDAD

Lo que obtenga de este producto dependerá de la evolución futura del mercado, la cual es incierta y no puede predecirse con exactitud. Los escenarios desfavorable, moderado y favorable que se muestran son ilustraciones basadas en la rentabilidad más baja, media y más alta de un valor de referencia adecuado durante los últimos 10 años. Los mercados podrían evolucionar de manera muy distinta en el futuro.

Período de mantenimiento recomendado: 5 años					
Importe de la inversión: 10.000 €					
Escenarios		En caso de salida después de 1 año	En caso de salida después de 5 años		
Mínimo	No hay un rendimiento mínimo garantizado. Podría perder parte o la totalidad de su inversión.				
Tensión	Lo que podría recibir tras deducir los costes	1.572 €	3.195 €		
	Rendimiento medio cada año	-84,28 %	-20,40 %		
Desfavorable	Lo que podría recibir tras deducir los costes	7.317 €	9.676 €		
	Rendimiento medio cada año	-26,83 %	-0,66 %		
Moderado	Lo que podría recibir tras deducir los costes	10.827 €	13.082 €		
	Rendimiento medio cada año	8,27 %	5,52 %		
Favorable	Lo que podría recibir tras deducir los costes	14.207 €	16.010 €		
	Rendimiento medio cada año	42,07 %	9,87 %		

Las cifras presentadas incluyen todos los costes del producto propiamente dicho, pero es posible que no incluyan todos los costes que usted deba pagar a su asesor o distribuidor. Las cifras no tienen en cuenta su situación fiscal personal, que también puede influir en la cantidad que reciba. El escenario de tensión muestra lo que usted podría recibir en circunstancias extremas de los mercados. El escenario desfavorable se produjo para una inversión entre 12/2021 y 12/2024. El escenario moderado se produjo para una inversión entre 02/2015 y 02/2020. El escenario favorable se produjo para una inversión entre 04/2016 y 04/2021.

### ¿QUÉ PASA SI BESTINVER GESTION, S.A., S.G.I.I.C. NO PUEDE PAGAR?

El patrimonio del fondo de inversión está separado del de su Sociedad Gestora (BESTINVER GESTION, S.A., SGIIC) y del de su Entidad Depositaria (BNP Paribas, Luxembourg Branch), por lo que la insolvencia de estas entidades no supone un riesgo para el inversor.



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### ¿CUÁLES SON LOS COSTES?

La persona que le asesore sobre este producto o se lo venda puede cobrarle otros costes. En tal caso, esa persona le facilitará información acerca de estos costes y de la incidencia que tienen en su inversión.

### COSTES A LO LARGO DEL TIEMPO

Los cuadros muestran los importes que se detraen de su inversión para cubrir diferentes tipos de costes. Estos importes dependen de cuánto invierte, de cuánto tiempo mantiene el producto y de lo buenos que sean los resultados del producto. Los importes indicados aquí ilustran un ejemplo de inversión de una determinada cuantía durante diferentes períodos de inversión posibles. Hemos partido de los siguientes supuestos:

- El primer año recuperaría usted el importe invertido (rendimiento anual del 0 %). En relación con los demás períodos de mantenimiento, hemos supuesto que el producto evoluciona tal como muestra el escenario moderado.
- Se invierten 10.000 €

Inversión 10.000 €	En caso de salida después de 1 año	En caso de salida después de 5 años
Costes totales	205 €	1.318 €
Incidencia anual de los costes (*)	2,0 %	2,5 %

(\*) Refleja la medida en que los costes reducen su rendimiento cada año a lo largo del período de mantenimiento. Por ejemplo, muestra que, en caso de salida al término del período de mantenimiento recomendado, el rendimiento medio que se prevé que obtendrá cada año será del 8,02 % antes de deducir los costes y del 5,52 % después de deducir los costes.

### COMPOSICIÓN DE LOS COSTES

El siguiente cuadro muestra:

- El impacto correspondiente a cada año que pueden tener los diferentes tipos de costes en el rendimiento de la inversión al final del período de mantenimiento recomendado.
- El significado de las distintas categorías de costes.

Costes únicos de entrada o salida	so de salida después de 1 año				
Costes de entrada	No cobramos comisión de entrada.	0 €			
Costes de salida	No cobramos una comisión de salida por este producto.	0€			
Costes corrientes detraídos cada año					
Comisiones de gestión y otros costes administrativos o de funcionamiento	1,8 % del valor de su inversión al año.	182 €			
Costes de operación	0,2 % del valor de su inversión al año. Se trata de una estimación de los costes en que incurrimos al comprar y vender las inversiones subyacentes del producto. El importe real variará en función de la cantidad que compremos y vendamos.	21 €			
Costes accesorios detraídos en condiciones específicas					
Comisiones de rendimiento y participaciones en cuenta	El importe real variará en función de lo buenos que sean los resultados de su inversión. La estimación de los costes agregados anterior incluye la media de los últimos 5 años.	1€			

## ¿CUÁNTO TIEMPO DEBO MANTENER LA INVERSIÓN, Y PUEDO RETIRAR EL DINERO DE MANERA ANTICIPADA? PERÍODO DE MANTENIMIENTO RECOMENDADO: 5 AÑOS

El periodo de mantenimiento recomendado es de 5 años. No obstante, usted puede rescatar su inversión tanto de forma total como parcial con anterioridad a esta situación.

## ¿CÓMO PUEDO RECLAMAR?

Puede dirigir su reclamación al Servicio de Atención al Cliente de Bestinver en el correo electrónico serviciodeatencionalcliente@bestinver.es o en el teléfono gratuito 900878280

### OTROS DATOS DE INTERÉS

Depositary: BNP Paribas, Luxembourg Branch

Investment Manager: Bestinver Gestión, S.A., S.G.I.I.C.

Management Company: Waystone Management Company (Lux) S.A.

Consulte la información sobre la rentabilidad histórica de los últimos 5 / 10 años en:

 $https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/megatrends\_bestinver\_tordesillas\_sicav\_rentabilidad.pdf$ 

### **PART C**

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The EU Taxonomy is

a classification

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

**Product name:** Megatrends **Legal**entity

identifier:

213800WBUV64IWP7T815

## **Environmental and/or social characteristics**





What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics by promoting climate change mitigation and adaptation characteristics among the investee companies.

The Sub-Fund does this in three ways:

(1) Part of the portfolio is invested in the Decarbornisation of the economy theme, so we invest in companies that their activities provide solutions for climate change mitigation

and/or adaptation. For example, companies involved in renewable energies and electrification of the economy.

- (2) Furthermore, for the rest of the companies whose activities do not directly provide solutions for climate change mitigation and/or adaptation, the Sub-Fund expects them to embed climate change in their strategy and operations. Thus, the Sub-Fund expects companies to implement plans to align their businesses to the objectives of the Paris agreement and to effectively manage climate transition risks. The Sub-Fund also promotes that companies provide transparent and reliable information about their climate footprint and progress towards the climate targets they have set. As a matter of fact, these issues are the pillars of the Sub-Fund's internal ESG rating targets regarding the internal environmental score.
- (3) Finally, the Sub-Fund applies specific exclusion criteria to avoid investment in companies that have substantial involvement in activities that are considered to be detrimental to climate change mitigation and adaptation.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

In order to measure the attainment of the promotion of climate change mitigation and/or adaption, the fund uses the following indicators:

- (1) For the companies that are invested through the Sub-Fund decarbonisation of the economy theme, we require that at least 30% of the revenues are related to solutions for climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. In order to measure this involvement, the Sub-Fund uses the RBICS (Revere Business Industry Classification system) and maps the subindustries that carry out these activities, matching them with the activities carried out by the invested companies.
- (2) For the whole portfolio, even for the companies whose activities do not directly provide a solution for climate change mitigation and/or adaptation, the Sub-Fund expects them to embed climate change in their strategy and operations. Thus, the Sub-Fund expects companies to implement plans to align their businesses to the objectives of the Paris agreement and to effectively manage climate transition risks. The Sub-Ffund also promotes that companies provide transparent and reliable information about their climate footprint and progress towards the climate targets they have set. In order to assess the alignment of the companies with the Paris agreement and the level of transparency regarding climate change related information, the Sub-Fund uses the following indicators:
  - a. Whether company's climate targets are set according to the Science Based targets initiative <a href="https://sciencebasedtargets.org/">https://sciencebasedtargets.org/</a>
  - b. Whether the company provides information to CDP and what score has CDP assigned to their climate change policies <a href="www.cdp.net">www.cdp.net</a>

Sustainability
indicators measure
how the
environmental or
social characteristics
promoted by the
financial product are
attained.

- c. Whether the company follows the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosures www.fsb-tcfd.org
- What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



# Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

☐ Yes, \_\_\_\_\_

⊠ No



## What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

The investment strategy of the fund follows a thematic approach and applies exclusions and ESG integration.

## Thematic approach:

The Sub-Fundinvests in companies with exposure to trends with great long-term growth potential. In order to identify those trends with the highest growth potential, the Sub-Fund focuses in three dimensions:

- (1) People. Improvement of quality of life and its implications for consumption habits, mainly driven by the following themes: Health, Knowledge, Standards of living and economic well-being and leisure.
- (2) Companies. Companies are essential for innovation and technological progress, both of which are the engines of a sustainable economy. In this area, the digitization and automation of the economy are particularly important, as they are catalysts for progress and productivity improvement.
- (3) Planet. The biggest challenge facing humanity is climate change. For this reason, those activities that contribute to the decarbonization of the economy, the adoption of

sustainable production processes and the best management of natural resources are considered critical for the future of the planet.

The definition of the investment universe therefore involves identifying those companies that are involved in at least one of these three dimensions (or "megatrends"):

- (1) Improvement of the quality of life.
- (2) Interconnectivity, innovation and high technology.
- (3) Decarbonization of the economy.

### **Exclusions:**

To ensure that the companies in which the Sub-Fund invests contribute to a more sustainable world, the Sub-Ffund will avoid investing in activities that can cause significant harm, for which it applies exclusion criteria to certain activities that we detail in this document. In addition to considering the activities excluded by the BESTINVER group's responsible investment policy, the Sub-Fund integrates additional criteria that provide the minimum guarantees that the activities of the companies contribute to a sustainable world (also detailed later in this document).

## **ESG** integration:

Once the eligible universe is established by means of applying the fund exclusion policy (described in the fund prospectus), the identified opportunities that are considered to be potential additions to the portfolio are subjected to detailed fundamental analysis. An exhaustive evaluation is carried out of the key environmental, social and corporate governance risks and opportunities, using both the investment team knowledge and the information provided by external ESG data providers. Based on this analysis, an internal ESG rating is assigned to each company, classifying them into 4 categories: Gold, Green, Amber and Red.

- Gold category: This category includes companies with the best ESG performance and that
  are especially sensitive to the sustainable impact of their businesses. These companies not
  only represent a financial investment opportunity, they are also considered to be the most
  sustainable overall by the Bestinver investment team.
- Green category: After exhaustively analysing the inputs of the ESG factors, both external
  and internal, and having evaluated their risks, the investment team considers that the
  potential benefit of investing in these companies is much higher than the identified risks, as
  these are of low impact and with a high potential of mitigation.
- Amber category: The investment team considers that certain aspects of the business or the ESG management of the company can be improved, but that they do not create a significant risk to people and/or the environment and do not endanger its potential profitability.
- Red category: The companies with a red rating have no place in the portfolio. Severe
  environmental, social or corporate governance risks are identified in their analysis. These
  are considered unacceptable and/or, in any case, greater than the potential profitability of
  investing in them.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

**Good governance** 

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

As stated in the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, there are four overall binding elements used to select the investments to attain the promotion of climate change mitigation and adaptation characteristics:

- (1) For the companies that are invested through the Sub-Fund decarbonisation of the economy theme, the Sub-Fund requires that at least 30% of the revenues are related to solutions for climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. In order to measure this involvement, the fund uses the RBICS (Revere Business Industry Classification system) and maps the subindustries that carry out these activities, matching them with the activities carried out by the invested companies.
- (2) For the whole portfolio (even for the companies whose activities do not directly provide solutions for climate change mitigation and/or adaptation), the fund will not invest in companies that have substantial involvement in activities that are considered to be detrimental to climate change mitigation and adaptation, using the following exclusion criteria:
  - a. Companies with any (more than 0%) of their revenues involved in extraction of thermal coal;
  - b. Companies with more than 10% of revenues involved in the following activities: thermal coal power generation, extraction of non-conventional oil and gas (shale gas and oil sands), fossil fuel exploration and exploitation in Arctic regions, palm oil production; and
  - c. Companies with more than 15% of their revenues involved in conventional oil and gas production.
- (3) The Sub-Fund will apply additional exclusion criteria to all companies not related to climate change mitigation and adaptation:
  - a. Companies with any (more than 0%) of their revenues involved in the following activities: production and distribution of tobacco, controversial weapons, production or distribution of assault weapons for use by civilians, production or distribution of adult entertainment;
  - Companies with more than 10% of revenues involved in the following activities: alcohol production and distribution, operation, production and distribution of specialised equipment and support services in the gaming and gambling sector; and
  - c. Companies involved in the operation and construction of nuclear energy plants if such company's activities are carried out in any country that does not comply with any of the following three conditions:

- i. the host country must be a member of the IAEA (International Atomic Energy Agency),
- ii. the host country must have ratified the Convention on Nuclear Safety, the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material and the Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management (or have adopted adequate measures to comply with the requirements included in said conventions), and
- iii. the host country must have ratified the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons Treaty and the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism.
- (4) At least 50% of the Sub-Fund is invested in companies with Gold and/or Green rating (as detailed in previous paragraphs). Climate change is the main pillar of the fund's internal ESG rating targets regarding the internal environmental score.
  - What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

## What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager takes into account good governance practices as part of the fundamental ESG analysis carried out for all investee companies. As such, the Investment Manager rely on information provided by multiple ESG external partners, mainly focused (but not limited to) the following factors: Board/Management quality and integrity, Board structure, Diversity, Ownership and shareholder rights, Remuneration policies and schemes, Audit and financial reporting and Stakeholder governance, among others.



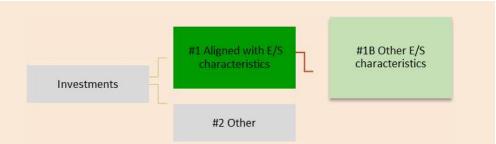
What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

The minimum proportion of the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy is 50%. The Sub-Fund investment will be made to attain the Environmental and Social characteristics of the product.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
  expenditure
  (CapEx) showing
  the green
  investments made
  by investee
  companies, e.g. for
  a transition to a
  green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



**#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#20ther** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
- How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Whilst the Sub-Fund may use derivatives as part of its investment strategy, the use of derivatives is not with a view to attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the product.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

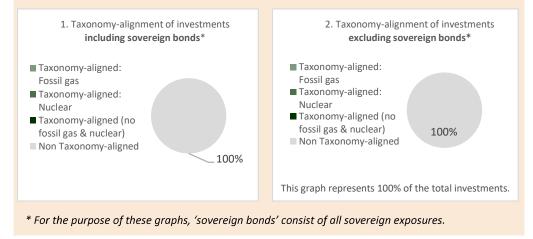
Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy<sup>6</sup>?

☐ Yes:	
☐ In fossil gas	☐ In nuclear energ
⊠ No	

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remaining 50% of the portfolio will be invested in the following instruments and/or under the compliance of the following criteria:

- (1) Instruments which, by their own nature, cannot be considered as eligible to apply the fund's ESG investment strategy and analysis process. These instruments are, though not limited to, cash, deposits, derivatives, etc.
- (2) Companies which do not comply with the binding elements of the fund (detailed in the section "What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?"). However, even though these companies do not comply with the binding elements, the fund will enforce them to comply with Bestinver's Responsible Investment policies and principles, which are mandatory to all Bestinver's funds and which can be summarized in the following elements:
  - a. An exclusion policy, classified in three groups (depending on the impact their activities have on society and the environment):
    - i. Group 1: Companies with any (more than 0%) of their revenues involved in the following activities: controversial weapons, production and distribution of assault weapons for use by civilians, thermal coal extraction, operation and construction of nuclear energy plants in certain countries (if the companies do not comply with the criteria described in the previous section "What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?") and production of tobacco and tobacco-related products;
    - ii. Group 2: Companies with more than 10% of their revenues involved in the following activities: thermal coal power generation, distribution of tobacco and tobacco-related products and associated services, extraction of non-conventional oil and gas (shale gas and oil sands), fossil fuel exploration and

exploitation in Arctic regions, palm oil production, production and distribution of adult entertainment content and operation, production and distribution of specialised equipment and support services in the gaming and gambling sector; and

- iii. Group 3: Companies included in this group will be "under observation", which means that Bestinver will perform exhaustive analysis to make sure that they are carrying out their business responsibly and that they have established transformation plans to improve their environmental, social and/or corporate governance performance. These sectors and activities are the following: companies with over 50% of their turnover derived from conventional oil and gas production, generation and associated services, companies with over 10% derived from alcohol production and distribution, companies with over 10% derived from pesticide production and distribution and companies that are guilty of serious violations of international human rights standards and principles.
- b. An ESG integration policy, by which all companies in the eligible universe (once the exclusion policy has been enforced) are subjected to detailed ESG analysis, using both the investment team knowledge and the information provided by external ESG data providers. This analysis requires that all companies are assigned an internal ESG rating (ranging from Gold or Green to Amber or Red).
- c. An active ownership policy, by which all companies in the portfolio must comply with the engagement and the voting policies described in Bestinver's Responsible Investment principles and policies (publicly available in the following link: <a href="https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/Responsible Investment Principles Bestinver.pdf">https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/Responsible Investment Principles Bestinver.pdf</a>)



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

## Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

N/A

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



## Where can I find more product specific information online?

## More product-specific information can be found on the website:

The Investment Manager's Responsible Investment Philosophy can be found in the following link: <a href="https://www.bestinver.es/filosofia-de-inversion/inversion-responsable/">https://www.bestinver.es/filosofia-de-inversion/inversion-responsable/</a> Adidtionally, two other relevant documents have been uploaded on the Investment Manager's website, as follows:

- •The Investment Manager's Responsible Investment Principles and Policies: <a href="https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/Responsible Investment Principles Bestinver.pdf">https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/Responsible Investment Principles Bestinver.pdf</a>
- Explanation of no consideration of Principle Adverse Impacts (PAIs): <a href="https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/no-consideracio%CC%81n-de-las-principales-incidencias-adversas.pdf">https://www.bestinver.es/wp-content/uploads/no-consideracio%CC%81n-de-las-principales-incidencias-adversas.pdf</a>